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### Foreword

Ideally all parents should have an idea of what to expect at various development stages their child is going to experience. Armed with this knowledge, the parent will be better prepared to ensure this development is experiences with the least possible problems as possible. Get all the info you need here.



### Development Dilemma

A Look At Childhood Development Stages

## Chapter 1:

**Development Basics** 

# Synopsis

Through the knowledge gained on child development, the parent will be able to help the child when things are not going as it should be or it will allow the parent to pull back if they are expecting too much from the child at any given stage.



#### The Basics

Information on the activities and achievements will usually be quite well documented for the parent to make easy reference should they need information.

There is also information on how to direct the child to ensure the proper development targets are reached successfully and effectively.

Most of the information available on the development basics of a child would be focused on the following aspects:

There would usually be an approximate timetable on the prenatal development that would be the ideal benchmark to measure against.

There would also be information on the normal stages of child development which would ideally be broken into stage of about 5 years each, starting from birth.

There is also information available on the general development sequence to be experienced from the toddler stage through to the preschool stage.

These stages would also cover information on various levels of the intellectual, language, social interaction, physical, and any other development that would be deemed important by the parent.

This is especially useful for the parent who is concerned about ensuring the child's growth rate is according to the norm and does not want to be pressured into forcing the child to grow in areas where there is no need for such pressure.



### Chapter 2:

Expected Milestones For Your Childs Age

# Synopsis

The development milestone guide is a chart or a format that ideally depicts the child's skills within a very specific time line. These specifics are usually calculated based on the average growth rate mentally and physically by census taken from similar age groups around the globe.



#### The Norm

However the parent should also be aware that these guidelines on the expected milestones are just that, guide lines, and there is really no need to panic should the child in question be a little late in a particular area of development.

It is possible that some children will develop at their own pace thus there is no real need for the parent to be over anxious over the matter. However if the development is significantly later than expected, a doctor's advice should be sought.

The following is a very general guide of the expected milestone of what the child's development should be:

A few months after birth, the newborn will be expected to be able to respond to physical and visual stimulation. The bond with the prime caregiver will be established and evident in small ways such as a smile or the clutching with its fingers.

The baby will also usually be able to cry according to its needs and will respond to any high pitch sound easily.

Following this period of growth the now 4 month old baby will be able to grasp at object and squeal with pleasure while also being able to react to familiar voices and routines. There will also be evidence of the baby taking a keener interest in its surroundings and sounds.

At 6 months most babies will be able to lift their head and move shoulders. They will also be able to better decipher things and its required responses. Some will even be able to make one syllable sounds.

These expected milestone lists usually go on till the teenage stage.



### Chapter 3:

**Gross Motor Skills** 

# Synopsis

Gross motor skill usually involve the large muscles of the body which enables functions such as walking, kicking, sitting upright, lifting and many other necessary motor skill that would be needed throughout the various phases of a child's development.



#### **The Larger Muscles**

The gross motor skills of a child would very much depend on the muscle tone and strength where any sign of low muscle tone would be characterized as a severe possibility of the presence of a disabling condition such as Down syndrome, genetic or muscular disorder or central nervous system disorders.

The gross motor skills are very pivotal to the movement of major body parts and coordination between body movements.

Most parents are usually on high alert for the first signs of the weakness in this area and once identified will usually seek some form of re course to correct the situation.

The need to correct the situation stem from the parents concern about the weakness of the gross motor skill that can and will eventually effect the child's education and general progress as a normal developing child.

These treatments can come in the form of a team being commissioned to evaluate the physical or mental capabilities of the child and then getting a therapist to work with the child to address the specific areas of lack.

The frequency of the therapy needed would very much depend on the stage of lack in the gross motor skills platform. There is usually an orderly sequence in which the skill to control the extremities of the body such as the legs, arms, hands and feet are all coordinated to engage in the desired activity in an optimal manner.

Although rapid development in this area is a good indicator of the progress rate anticipated, delays should not been seen alarming, as later development is not really unusual.



### Chapter 4:

Fine Motor Skills

# Synopsis

Fine motor skill will usually involve all the smaller muscles of the body that work together to enable the child to execute certain functions such as writing, grasping small objects and fastening small objects without too much of a fuss.



#### **Smaller Muscles**

These skills are of course a very important part of the child development and any weaknesses detected will usually be seen through the inability of the child's capability to eat by themselves, write legibly or to perform other simple tasks such as page turning and personal grooming tasks.

Here too there should not be too much concern if the child does not develop such skill as other in the same age group would have already been able to do so.

There would only be a need to consult a medical professional if the progress to this level takes an unusually longer time frame than the norm.

However understanding that there may be some delays, will help the parent avoid becoming too anxious, which will also cause the child to feel this negativity which can be upsetting and frustrating for the child too.

The evident lack in this area would not necessarily be a devastating situation as proper intervention will usually be able to sort the problem out and thus help the child to work through these challenges and eventually be able to perform the fine motor skills even if they are not of the usually expected standards.

There are therapists who can assess the current abilities of the child and then design the corresponding therapy exercises that will help the child to gain some level of acceptable fine motor skills. Providing the child with toys and games that will positively contribute to the building of the fine motor skill would also be advised.



## Chapter 5:

**Cognitive Skills** 

# Synopsis

Cognitive skill would involve the activity of being able to process incoming information and break it down to what is being required and then make the necessary assessments and corresponding actions that will result in the needs of the incoming information.



### Thinking

There are a number of levels involved in the cognitive skills and it is possible to train the body and mind in three separate categories which would be the sustained attention category, the selective attention category and the divided attention category.

The sustained attention category would require the ability of the child to remain focused on the task at hand along with the corresponding time frame it takes to complete the said task.

Selective attention would be the ability to remain focused on the task while at the same time being aware of other information or distractions.

Lastly the divided attention level would be dictated to by the ability to remember information while preparing to engage in other matters, also known as multi tasking.

There is also the consideration given to the long term memory capability and this would entail the child's ability to recall information that has already been stored in the brain.

This particular input is very necessary as the information would be required periodically and should be divulged as accurately as first perceived.

Short term or otherwise called working memory is where there is an ability to apprehend and hold on to information in a more immediate circumstance yet will being able to simultaneously perform a mental note of the said information. Lack of this capacity will create the need for constant reference to material that ideally should be committed to memory easily and quickly.

There is also the area of logic and reasoning that will be developed within the cognitive skills of any child. Here the child will learn to draw conclusions based on the information furnished.



### Chapter 6:

Speech

# Synopsis

Besides looking forward to the child taking his or her first baby steps, speech is the next thing on the list that parent urge their kids to start. Babies are encouraged to speak as early as possible and when this does not happen, some parents tend to go into panic mode. This of course is not helpful for the child and neither will be benefits the parent.



### Talking

Therefore it would be very helpful if the parent is aware of what is considered normal and what is not when it comes to the child's ability to speak.

Periodic checks with the doctor should also incorporate the question about the child's speech capabilities as this will help to better determine the speech condition of the child without being overly anxious.

Around the age of about 10 to 12 months the parent should observe the child ability to try and verbally communicate through various cooing and babbling noises.

This would be considered quite normal and if this is not the case, medical opinions should be sought. For the age group of about 12 - 15 months, the child should ideally start to make basics sounds that use the p, b, m, d or n range.

There should also be attempts to imitate sounds in single syllable. As for the 18 - 24 months age group, the child now commonly referred to as a toddler should ideally have a vocabulary capacity of about 20 different words.

The toddler should also be able to identify objects easily.

Children between the ages of 2 - 3 years will not be able to be quiet and be a chatter box. They would be able to speak in short sentences and thus communicate fairly well. This of course is a wonderful time for the parent as they would take delight in showing off their child's speech capabilities.



### Chapter 7:

Social Skills

# Synopsis

Being able to have good social skills is very important if an individual intends to be part of society in general, and this is no different when it comes to the social capabilities of a child. Children should ideally be taught at a very young age the importance of being able to interact with other in an amicable and friendly manner.



#### Interacting

Children who are able to interest with their peer and with adults in a socially acceptable way will definitely sing success in forming healthy relationships as they grow in different stages of the lives.

The parent contributions to the ideal style would be to interact with the child from a very early age in the same manner that would be desired for the child to eventually extend to others.

This will be a good way to encourage the child to observe and proactive the same socially acceptable behaviors that would smoothen and initiate strong positive relationships.

The parents' interaction with the child should be with a lot of love and respect that would allow the child to feel totally comfortable and thus be able to build good bonds.

Once this is observed the child will more than likely use the same methods in their own attempts to establish social bonds with their peers. From the early stages of a child which would be the preschool age, the social interactions made would be the first contacts with the other children who would be categorized as the outside world.

This would be the first attempts of the child trying to form bonds with other for the intention of creating some connections outside the actual family unit. Thus teaching the child by way of good examples on how to be friendly and cooperative will help the child eventually successfully make their own connections with other children.



## **Chapter 8:**

**Developmental Delays** 

# Synopsis

All parents' desire for their children to grow up healthy and wholesome, but sometimes due to unforeseen circumstances such ideal growth may not be forthcoming as expected. This is usually identified through delayed growth in certain areas that will act as alarm bells for the parents.



### The Factors

When there is evidence of developmental delays in the growth process of the child, step should be taken immediately to explore options that may help to reverse such negativity and instead put the child back on the right growth pattern.

However in doing so, parents should also be aware that it may not always be possible to rectify these delays which inadvertently effect the ideal growth of the child.

When this becomes evident, then the next course of action would be to learn to cope as best as possible both for the sake of the child and for the harmony of the entire family unit.

Some of the areas that are usually significantly observed for its delayed growth are language and speech, vision, movements constituting motor skills, social and emotional skills and thinking skills which would be recognized under the cognitive skills platform.

Sometimes there are delays in one of these areas and sometimes the delays are evident if a few and this could be due to a variety of different factors such as a genetic defect which could be in the form of

Down syndrome, fetal alcohol syndrome which is usually caused by the mother drinking alcohol during the pregnancy, fragile X syndrome, which is usually an inherited type of cognitive impairment or several other medical problems that might develop soon after birth.



# Wrapping Up

Sometimes everything may seem just slightly off the normal growth of a child, and this will usually cause parents to not be overly concerned as they don't really see any of the problems as being permanent. However medical advice should be sought just to make sure the situation does not become worse.

